

Dative Case Review (Pages 33; 431-32)

Case

Dative

Endings--See RS

Function

a. indirect object -

the idea of 'to/for' after verbs of giving, telling, showing

give - *do dare*

tell - *narro narrare*

The daughters *of the sailors* *give* *roses* *to the good lady.*

Noun

Noun

Verb

Noun

Adj. Noun

Subject

Possession

3 Pl.

Dir. Obj.

Indirect Object

Nom.

Genitive

Pres.

Acc.

Dat.

Fem.

Masc.

Act.

Fem.

Fem.

Pl.

Pl.

Indic.

Pl.

Sing.

Filiae *nautarum* *rosas* *dominae bonae* *dant.*

daughter - filia filiae f.

sailor - nauta nautae m.

give - do dare

rose - rosa rosae f.

lady - domina dominae f.

good - bona

b. Dative with Special Verbs

Certain verbs that are transitive in English have an **indirect object** in **Latin** instead of a **direct object**; but the dative is translated as if it were the accusative. Such verbs are: *favor, help, injure please, trust, distrust, command, obey, serve, resist, threaten, envy, pardon, spare, and persuade.*

Notice in these sentences that the transitive English verbs really contain the idea of giving or showing that we find in verbs taking an indirect object.

1. Suis amicis favet. *He favors (shows favors to) his friends.*
2. Mihi imperat. *He orders (gives orders to) me.*
3. Hostibus restituerunt. *They resisted (gave resistance to) the enemy.*
4. Helvetiis persuasit. *He persuaded (offered persuasion to) the Helvetians.*
5. Patres plebi nocuerunt. *The patricians wronged (gave injury or harm to) the people.*
6. Socii paci studebant. *The allies desired (were eager for) peace.*
7. Ciceroni confidebant. *They trusted (gave confidence to) Cicero.*

c. Verbs which take a Dative Case Object

confido confidere ----- confisus - trust

credo credere credidi creditus - trust, believe

faveo favēre favi fautum ----- - favor

impero imperare imperavi imperatus - command, rule

noceo nocēre nocui ----- - injure, harm

parco parcere peperci parsus (parsurus) - spare

persuadeo persuadēre persuasi persuasus (persuasurus) - persuade

*praeficio praeficere praefeci praefectus - place **accusative** in command
of a **dative***

praesum praeesse praefui praefuturus - be in command of

resisto resistere restiti ----- - withstand

studeo studere studui ----- - be eager for, desire

Case
Dative

Function

d. with special adjectives (*propinquus* near to; *carus* dear to; *gratus* pleasing to; *idoneus* suitable for; *iniquus* unjust to; *inimicus* unfriendly to).

The farmhouse *is* *next to* *the cottages* *of the slaves.*

Noun	Verb	Adj.	Noun	Noun
Subject	3 S.		With Spc. Adj.	Possession
Nom.	Pres.		Dative	Genitive
Fem.	Act.		Fem.	Fem.
Sing.	Indic.		Pl.	Pl.

Villa *est* *propinqua* *casis* *servarum.* *a reward* *pleasing* *to the boys*

Noun	Adj.	Noun
Subject		Dative
Nominative		With Adjectives
Neuter		Masculine
Singular		Plural

praemium pueris gratum

a place suitable for a temple

Noun	Adj.	Noun
Subject		Dative
Nominative		With Adjectives
Masculine		Neuter
Singular		Singular

locus templo idoneus